

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia. It is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony. David Sedgwick, in Victoria, and L. F. Fraser, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," 34, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1868.

"THE LAST GREAT MONOPOLY." ANOTHER NAIL IN ITS COFFIN!

We devoted considerable space on Wednesday to a letter written by Mr. Pycroft, eminent English Jurist, to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies. It will be observed that the letter was written at the suggestion of the Minister, and that although his object was to obtain an opinion respecting the feasibility of establishing a penal settlement within the territory claimed by the Hudson Bay Company, yet it deals chiefly with the assumed claims and rights of that great monopoly. The Duke must have been indifferently pleased on discovering that he had "caught a Tartar" in Mr. Pycroft, who appears to have eagerly seized upon an opportunity this incidentally falling within his reach to "show up" the utterly groundless character of the pretensions put forward by a monopoly under whose baneful influence His Grace is understood to be. Before entering upon the consideration of the subject-matter of the letter we may be allowed to express surprise that at so recent a date as the 13th March last, the Secretary of State should be found entertaining such projects in respect of the territory in question. Provision is made in the North America Act (clause 146) for the transfer to Canada of Rupert's Land and the North-western Territory, or either of them, upon an address from the Houses of the Parliament of Canada. Such an Address was adopted by the Canadian Parliament and presented to Her Majesty in Council last year; and it appears strange indeed that months after that step was taken in pursuance of the provisions of an Imperial Act, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State should be found in treaty, as it were, for the purpose of making an entirely different disposition and use of the territory. It is difficult, indeed, to reconcile this feature of the case with an honest intention on the part of the Imperial Government to carry out faithfully the provisions incorporated in its own Bill. Still, it would appear highly improbable, one would hope impossible, that faith with the New Dominion would be broken in a manner so glaring and so gross. With the merits of the question upon which the Duke invited Mr. Pycroft to communicate his views we are not now dealing. The adaptability of the North-west territory for a penal settlement, and the bearing which such a measure would have upon the general interests of colonization in British North America form a subject by itself, distinct alike from the question of the validity of the Hudson Bay faith of Her Majesty's Government in the matter of transferring that territory to the New Dominion. The subject is, however, one of very great importance; and our views in regard to it may readily be inferred from an article which appeared in these columns several years ago, advocating the policy of sending English convicts to this Colony, under certain restrictions and conditions, where their labour might be utilized in the construction of national docks and the inter-oceanic railway. Passing from these merely preliminary observations, we remark that Mr. Pycroft has clearly driven another nail into the coffin of the "Last great Monopoly," if one may be allowed the use of language so highly figurative. When, by such unquestionable authority, the pretended claims of the Hudson Bay Co. to a rich and most valuable territory, "equal in extent to the whole of Europe," are pronounced to be utterly worthless—when their assumptions are characterized as "preposterous," "utterly unwarrantable and untenable," when the parchment under which that immense territory is claimed is plainly declared to be "unconstitutional," when the pretensions of the Company are characterized as "fictitious" and the Company itself alluded to as "an assumed Company," the "so-called Company," and when it is borne in mind that Mr. Pycroft is only one of a long list of eminent jurists who have taken similar ground, it really becomes matter of surprise that the Imperial Government should continue to evince such a tender regard, such a sensitiveness for the so-called rights and pretensions of the monopoly. One is loath, as one should be slow, to impute improper and corrupt motives. But should Her Majesty's Government, after having allowed this monopoly to sit for two centuries like a huge night-mare upon the very centre of British North America, now persist in refusing to implement its own Act, by transferring that territory to the Dominion of Canada, so that an opportunity may be afforded for applying a legal test to the pretensions of the "assumed Company," the utmost stretch of charity will hardly enable one to avoid the conclusion that improper influences have had their share in shaping Imperial policy in this matter. Of this the Duke of Buckingham may rest well assured, that should the North-west Territory be withheld from the Dominion it will not long be in the power of the British Government to deal with it, either as a receptacle for the "outcasts of England" or as "a mere hunting field for beaver and the skins of other animals." Nor is it alone the North-west Territory that will be lost to the British Crown by such a course. Cut off from the Dominion, denuded of all hope of relief and help from Confederation, what would become of British Columbia? The common sense of the Duke himself cannot fail to suggest the answer. Taking Mr. Pycroft's letter as a whole, one cannot but feel that he has made himself master of the situation. It would, indeed, be surprising if the publication of such a letter in London did not provoke some attempt at reply. In the very next edition of the paper in which Mr. Pycroft's letter was published appeared a most weak and sickly effort, by one signing himself "A Moderate Shareholder." The gist of this reply is contained in the second paragraph, which, after saying, "I shall not attempt to controvert the legal arguments brought forward by Mr. Pycroft," reads as follows:—"Apart, however, from the strict legal merits of the case, the long possession and occupation of the territory by the H. B. Co. is surely in itself sufficient to constitute a title, acknowledged and approved of as it has all along been by the British Government." In other words, although we did get possession irregularly, improperly and unconstitutionally; although we have kept possession illegally, and without any attempt to fulfil the covenants undertaken on our part, although, by retaining possession for upwards of two hundred years, we have bolted and barred one of the richest and most inviting territories in the British Dominions against civilization and settlement, and although right on our side, yet the fact of having been left so long in possession ought to cure all defects, and make our title good. After propounding this unique doctrine, "A Moderate Shareholder" proceeds to point out the great injustice which "any infringement on the Company's supposed integrity" would entail upon persons who have invested their money in its shares! If "rights" can be created in this fashion the very cardinals of justice, the very principles *meum et tuum*, must all be changed. Talk about length of possession entitling the Hudson Bay Company to consideration! It constitutes a fitting element for increasing damages as against the Company, for keeping wrongful possession for so many years, thereby shackling and stunting British influences and British interests on this Continent; and if these adventurers be not sharply looked after, they may yet prove the means of extinguishing these interests altogether. It is just possible that the British Government may toy with the monopoly too long.

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New Advertisements.

TO BE LET.

THE Dwelling House and Premises—Lot 4, Block 20—on the Royal Avenue, lately occupied by Mr. Withrow.

Apply to S. H. ATKINS.

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JAMES CUNNINGHAM, IMPORTER OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Viz:—

British and American Dry Goods,

Men's Clothing,

Boots and Shoes, a fine stock on hand.

Groceries and Provisions,

Best Brands Oregon Flour,

Hardware, all kinds of Shelf Goods.

Farmer's Implements, such as Plows,

Scythes, Rakes, Forks, &c.,

Manila Rope.

Wooden Ware.

Stoves.

Paints and Oils.

Crockery and Glassware.

I manufacture Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

I am constantly receiving from the Home Markets, Goods suited to the Colony, which can be sold at much lower rates than usual.

FARMERS PRODUCE BOUGHT & SOLD.

ju 13tc

THE OVERLAND ROUTE!!!

TO ECONOMY

IS TO BUY YOUR

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, &c.,

AT COST PRICE,

.....AT.....

A. B. GRAY'S

CLOSING OUT SALE.

N. B.—The Store will be closed in July.

my 27tc

W. HARVEY.

FANCY BREAD AND BISCUIT

BAKER.

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

(Opposite the Colonial Hotel.)

N. B.—Pies, Cakes and Genuine Brown Bread always on hand.

my 6tc

REDUCTION,

IN

Express Rate.

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

The rate of charges on letters by Express between New Westminster and Victoria is reduced to 12½ CENTS.

F. J. BARNARD.

New Westminster, B. C.

January 4th, 1868.

New Advertisements.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED, WHOSE SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN PRO- TRACTED, AND WHOSE CASES REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT TO RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

If you are suffering have suffered, what effect does it produce upon your general health?

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired?

Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart?

Does your liver, urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order?

Is your urine sometimes thick, milky or floccy, or is itropy on settling?

Or does a thick scum rise to the top?

Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile?

Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspnea?

Are your bowels constipated?

Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head?

Is your memory impaired?

Is your mind constantly dwelling on this subject?

Do you feel dull, listless, mooping, tired of company, or of life?

Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?

Does any little thing make you start or jump?

Is your sleep broken or restless?

Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant?

The bloom on your cheek as bright?

Do you enjoy society as well?

Do you pursue your business with the same energy?

Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia.

Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

NOW, READER,

DISEASES BADLY CUR-
ED, AND EXCESSES.

Are capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men were always those whose generative organs were in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks, or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running into excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in these organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other form of disease—idiotcy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble never suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one?

Diseases of this sort require a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID-EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE
GREAT DIURETIC,
AND IS
A CERTAIN CURE FOR

Kidneys,
Gravel,
Dropsy,
Organic Weakness,
Female Complaints,
General Debility,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE
URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in male or female.

From whatever Cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, CONSUMPTION OR INSANITY may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU,
ESTABLISHED UPWARDS OF 18 YEARS,
PREPARED BY
H. T. HELMBOLD,
DRUGGIST, 594, Broadway, New York,
and 104 South Tenth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price \$1.25 per bottle, or 6 for \$6.50.

DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS,
EVERYWHERE.

ju 13tc

New Advertisements.

AYER'S MEDICINES.



The peculiar taint of infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children," and it is the third and fourth generation; indeed, it is known by the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings; Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies have failed to afford relief. These cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves the victim more subject to disease and its fatal results than air healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of Sarsaparilla in alternative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the cause of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of Sarsaparilla, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effective than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL.
The World's Great Remedy for
Coughs, Colds, Incipient Con-
sumption, and for the relief
of Consumptive patients
in advanced stages
of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need not say more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Co., 204, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

BOSTON BAR.

The Public are advised that this long and favorably known Hotel has again come into the hands of its original proprietor,

ALEXANDER COUTLEE,

who will give the Establishment his personal supervision.

The travelling public may therefore depend on having their wants properly attended to.

ALEXANDER COUTLEE.

Boston Bar, April 11th, 1868.

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New Advertisements.

CLINTON HOTEL, CLINTON CITY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors. Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand. They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.

CLINTON, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. to

COOKS, STATIONERY, NEWSPAPERS, AND PERIODICALS.

NOTWITHSTANDING the removal of the Capital

G. C. Clarkson & Co.

keep on hand their usual stock of

PAPER, ENVELOPES, INK, BLANK

BOOKS, MEMORANDUMS, PENS,

SEALING-WAX, CARDS,

DRAWING INSTRU-

MENTS,

DRAWING BOOKS & COLOR BOXES.

—

VIOLINS, FROM \$1.50,

UPWARDS.

—

Musical Instruments of all

kinds.

—

CHARTS & MAPS.

—

KNIVES & SCISSORS.

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TOYS.

—

SCHOOL, STANDARD, & MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKS.

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ENTERPRISE

FLOUR MILLS,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

EXTRA Superfine and Common Brands of Flour constantly on hand.

ALSO

MIDDINGS, SHORTS & BRAN,

and for sale at the lowest Market Prices.

W. J. ARMSTRONG.

my 6tc

SADDLERY

AND

HARNESS MAKING.

DOUGLAS begs to inform the Farmers and Teamsters of the Upper Country that he is prepared to supply orders for all kinds of his own manufacture, always on hand.

A good supply of Whips, Blacksnake laces, Aprons and other Leathers.

BEN. DOUGLAS.

Front Street, Yale, B. C.

ap 10tc

HENRY V. EDMONDS

AUCTIONEER, SCRIVENER,

COMMISSION,

General and Real Estate Agent,

Office—Columbia street, near the Customs House.

ap 10tc

New Advertisements.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative).
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig).
The Westminster Review, (Radical).
The North British Review, (Free-Church).
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory).

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

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For any one of the Reviews.....\$ 4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews.....7 00
For any three of the Reviews.....10 00
For all four of the Reviews.....12 00
For Blackwood's Magazine.....4 00
For Blackwood and one Review.....7 00
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews 10 00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews 13 00
For Blackwood and all four Reviews.....16 00

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The North British from January, 1865, to December, 1867, inclusive: *Edinburgh*, the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of \$1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for \$2.50 a year, or the two years together for \$4.00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,

140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous engravings. Price \$7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, \$8. By 18 1868. 1y

1868.

BARNARD'S STAGES,

CARRYING MAILS, EXPRESS, AND PASSENGERS.

WILL LEAVE

YALE

EVERY MONDAY,

AT 6 A. M.,

and connect with steamer

ENTERPRISE

AT

SODA CREEK FOR QUESNELLE,

REACHING

BARKERVILLE

EVERY

SATURDAY EVENING.

Fast Freight contracted for at reasonable rates.

Passengers by this line must leave New Westminster by Saturday's steamer to make the connection.

F. J. BARNARD.

Office, Front Street, New Westminster.

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New Advertisements.

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin diseases will be speedily removed. It acts upon the system as a cathartic, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humors, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are so prepared as to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsy.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. There have been so remarkable, speedy and numerous, that these often fatal diseases are more easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In such cases the Ointment almost acts like a charm, providing it is very effectually rubbed over the kidneys, which will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this medicine are never equalled. Any old sore, whether it be a cancer, or a simple sore, will be cured, and will never yield to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fever, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by the following printed directions.

The Action of the Heart, Dropsy.

The last named disease is commonly preceded by frequent attacks of the heart, and difficult respiration, which symptoms are always severe, and ever go on from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's Ointment and Pills the Ointment, the Ointment will ever find success; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is truly wonderful, and perseverance in the application of the famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation, and absorption, that the dropsical fluid vanishes, and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and the perseveringly done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; cohen the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the violence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indigestion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts twice or three a day, keeping them covered with the Ointment, and the sufferer will find relief. The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carrying the Pills should be obtained in the neighborhood of the sufferer, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs, Chapped hands, Scalds, Ulcers, Contracted and Sore Throats, Burns, Stiff Joints, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Elephantiasis, Scurs, Scurvy, Bile of Mole, Fish-bone, Sore-heads, and Sand-bites, Gout, Sore-swells, Chills, Chills, Swell-Tumors, Corns (soft), Hives, Wounds, Cancer, Piles, Yaws, Chloric, Rheumatism.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—Ls. 1/6, 2s. 0d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 45s., each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

Wm. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867.

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New Advertisements.

PRINTING

FOR THE.....

MILLION.

POSTERS,

CIRCULARS,

BILL-HEADS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

PAMPHLETS,

SHOW CARDS,

LABELS,

and PRINTED FORMS

Of every description, executed in a manner

That will defy competition.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD use

printed Bill-heads, as they not only save

time, but look more business-like, and

serve as an advertisement.

EVERY KEEPER OF PUBLIC HOUSE

should have printed cards for distribution

amongst the Miners, and large Show

Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steam-

boats, &c.

EVERY STEAMBOAT OWNER, MER-

chant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Express

man, doing business in this Colony,

should get his Printing done in the

office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER!

.....WHERE.....

ENTIRE SATISFACTION

IS GUARANTEED.

THE PROPRIETOR would respectfully

inform Merchants and Traders of British

Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and

all whom it may concern, that having recently

made extensive additions to the

PRINTING PLANT

.....OF THE.....

BRITISH COLUMBIAN NEWSPAPER,

He is now prepared to execute with

promptitude every description of

PLAIN

.....AND.....

ORNAMENTAL

BOOK & JOB

PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare

favorably with any office upon the Pacific

coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and

will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON,

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

Proprietor.

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Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

FRENCH'S

FISH MARKET

Front street, New Westminster.

IN the above Market will always be found

In season,

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and

Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAMIE.

Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.

New Westminster, July 5, 1864.

fy6tc

fy6tc

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